

ENGIE ENERGÍA CHILE S.A. Presentation to investors

1Q18 Results

AGENDA

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ENGIE: A GLOBAL ENERGY PLAYER



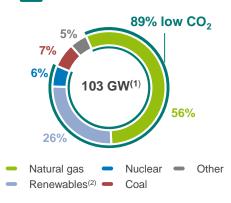
World leading independent power producer

103 GW⁽¹⁾ installed

~90% low CO₂

26% renewables⁽²⁾

Capacity breakdown





European leader in gas infrastructures

€27bn⁽³⁾ regulated asset base in France

12bn m³ storage capacity

Expertise in power transmission & distribution

EBITDA gas infrastructures



(3) Incl. Storengy in France, regulated as from 01/01/2018 (4) 2017 EBITDA



24m customers in Europe

Global leader in energy solutions for cities

+250 distribution heating & cooling networks worldwide

23m individual and professional contracts

EBITDA by type of business

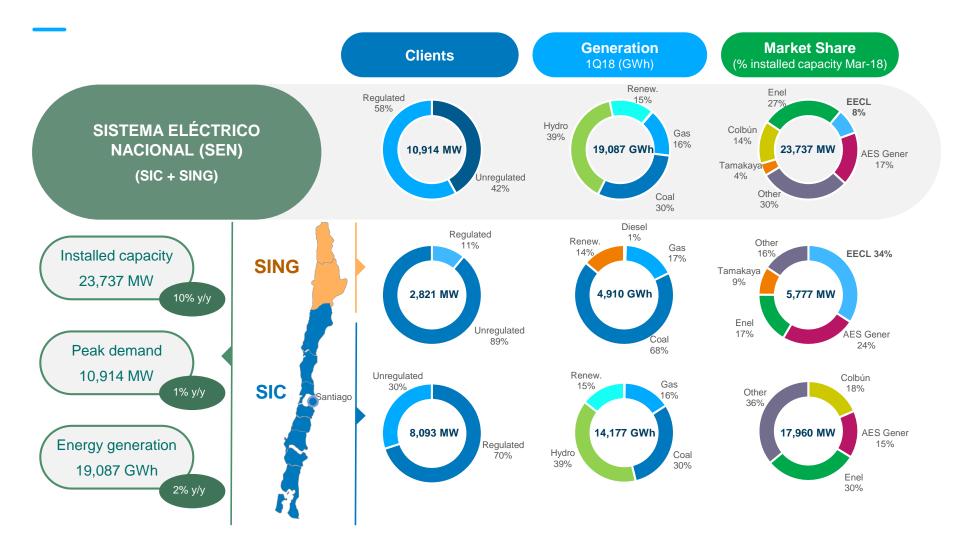


B2B: Business to Business B2T: Business to Territories B2C: Business to Customers



(1) At 31/12/2017, at 100%

TWO MAIN GRIDS RECENTLY INTERCONNECTED



Sources: CNE, CEN, Asociación de Generadoras



EECL: A RELEVANT PLAYER IN THE CHILEAN POWER INDUSTRY



- Leader in northern mining region, 4th largest electricity generation company in Chile
- ~2GW gross generation capacity; ~0.3GW under construction
- 3rd largest transmission company
- Seaport infrastructure, gas pipeline

Prepared to provide energy solutions to its customers



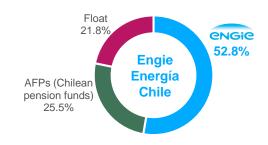
- New 15-yr regulated PPA
 w/distribution companies
 starting 2018 => 43%
 contracted physical sales
 growth by 2019
- 50%-owned TEN ~US\$ 0.9 bn transmission project began operations in 4Q17
- ~US\$ 1 bn new power generation capacity + port to start operations in 3Q18





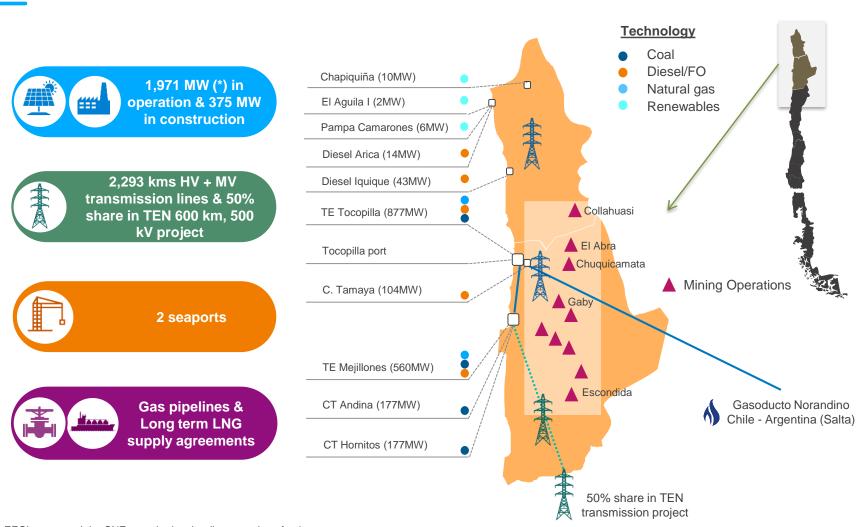
- Capacity contracted under long-term sales agreements;
 13 years remaining average life
- Strong counterparties
 - Unregulated: mining companies;
 - Regulated: distribution companies

Strong sponsorship





A DIVERSIFIED ASSET BASE TO MEET OUR CLIENTS' ENERGY NEEDS



(*) EECL requested the CNE to authorize the disconnection of units 12 and 13 in Tocopilla, with combined gross capacity of 170 MW.

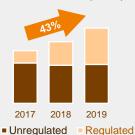


2018: THE BEGINNING OF A NEW ERA



- Contracted revenue growth
 - ~8,200 GWh p.a. in 2017
 - ~11,700 GWh p.a. in 2019
- More balanced portfolio (Unregulated/regulated)
 - 77%/23% in 2017
 - 52%/48% in 2019
- Expected EBITDA growth (>80% in 2 years)

Clients' Sales (GWh)

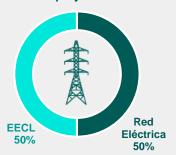




INTERCONNECTION

- TEN: 600-km, 500 kV, ~US\$0.9bn, transmission project
- On schedule, within budget, operating since 24-Nov-17
- Regulated & contracted revenue; ~US\$80 million EBITDA p.a.

TEN: 50/50 Joint Venture 80% project financed





- IEM + Puerto Andino
- ~US\$1 bn investment including port
- In commissioning, on budget
 IEM + Port COD: 3Q18
- IEM: 375 MWe gross capacity
- +2 LNG cargoes 2018
 +1 LNG cargo 2019
- 1-year bridge contracts with generation companies to meet new PPA









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KEY MESSAGES



Results in line with guidance

Mastering the growth achieved



Building our future together with our clients

PPA renegotiation, decarbonization & life extension



Paving the way for our energy transformation plan

Development focused on replacing coal with renewable capacity



Robust capital structure

Ample room to finance energy transformation plan



RECENT EVENTS



INDUSTRY

- SIC-SING interconnection: In operations since November 24, 2017, giving birth to the SEN. The TEN project was ready ahead of schedule and within budget
- Government and Generation Companies' agreement to phase out coal generation
- New government took office on March 11, 2018: Sebastián Piñera, President; Susana Jiménez, Minister of Energy; Ricardo Irarrázabal, Subsecretary of Energy
- National transmission project bids launched by the CEN: 6 companies presented offers for an aggregate US\$200 million





COMPANY

- Amendments to the Codelco and Glencore PPAs signed on April 2: tariff decrease, full indexation to CPI starting 2021, and PPA life extension
- Authorization to disconnect U12 & U13 coal units (combined 170 MW) was requested to the CNE
- The new 15-year PPA with distribution companies started in 2018 (up to 2 TWh), stepping up to 5 TWh in 2019
- Bridge PPAs with generation companies were signed to supply ~60% of demand under the above PPA
- Puerto Andino and IEM are in their commissioning phase

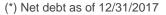


1Q18 RESULTS IN LINE WITH GUIDANCE

- EBITDA increased 39% mainly due to the new PPA with distribution companies
- Net income almost doubled due to expanded operations

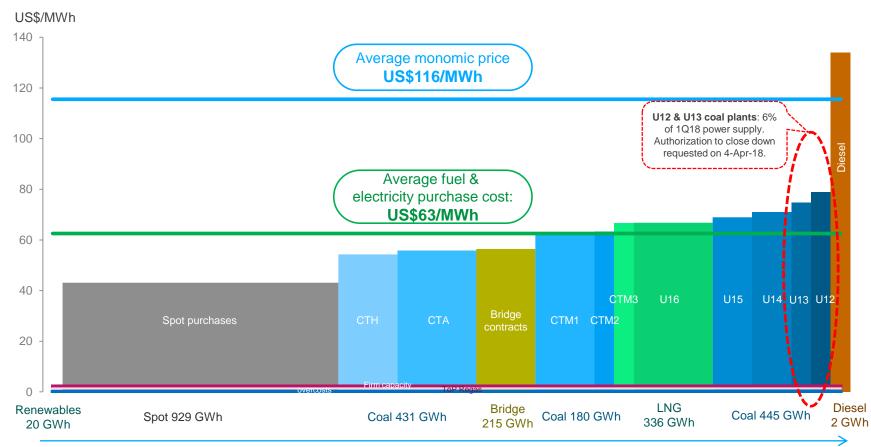
	1Q17	1Q18	Variation
Operating Revenues (US\$ million)	258.8	301.8	+17%
EBITDA (US\$ million)	66.0	91.7	+39%
EBITDA margin (%)	25.5%	30.4%	+4.9 pp
Net income (US\$ million)	19.7	39.2	+100%
Net income-recurring (US\$ million)	19.7	39.2	+100%
Net debt (US\$ million)	770.5 (*)	784.8	+2%
Spot energy purchases (GWh)	821	929	+13%
Energy purchases - Bridge (GWh)	0	215	n.a.
Physical energy sales (GWh)	2,164	2,408	+11%

- Net Income impacted by non recurring items in 2016
- Increase in net debt related to expansion CAPEX





DEMAND SUPPLIED WITH OWN GENERATION, SPOT PURCHASES AND BRIDGE CONTRACTS

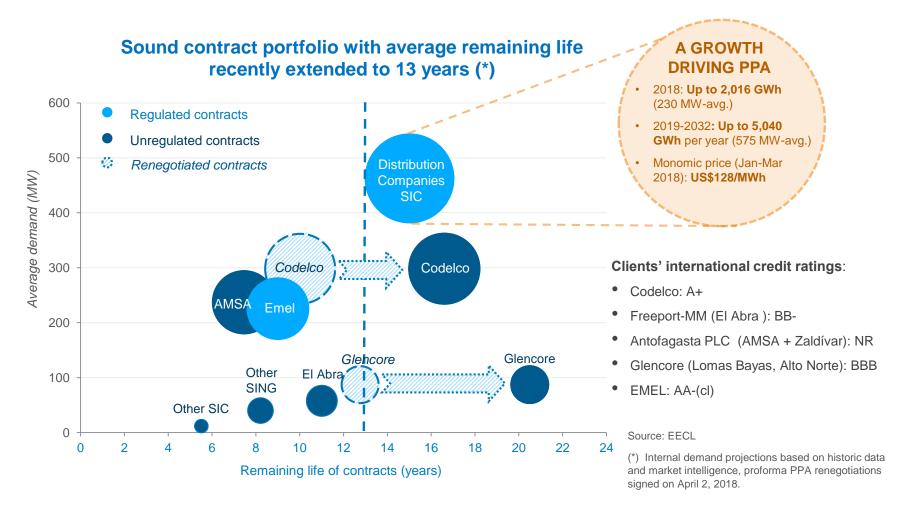


Total energy available for sale before transmission losses 1Q18 = 2,558 GWh

- Average realized monomic price, spot purchase costs and average cost per MWh based on EECL's accounting records and physical sales per EECL data.
- Average fuel & electricity purchase cost per MWh sold includes the LNG regasification cost, green taxes, firm capacity, self consumption & transmission losses
- Net system over-costs and ancillary service costs averaged US\$0.1 per each MWh withdrawn by EECL to supply demand under its PPAs.



PPA RENEGOTIATION, DECARBONIZATION & LIFE EXTENSION

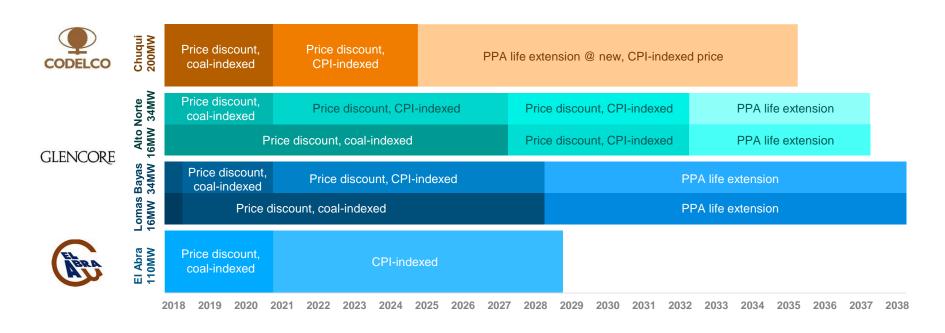


(*) Proforma April 2 PPA renegotiations



PPA RENEGOTIATION, DECARBONIZATION & LIFE EXTENSION

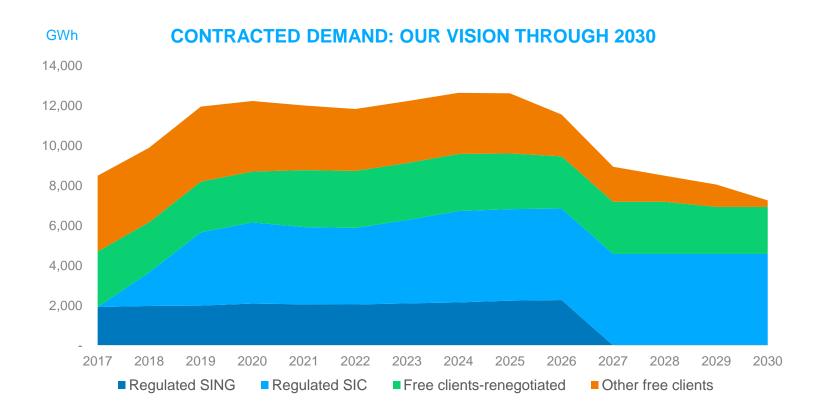
PPA renegotiations signed by EECL on April 2, 2018: A win-win transaction



- Extending the life of our PPAs and leaving behind their price indexation to coal will allow us to invest in renewable power sources and gradually replace coal capacity
- Our clients will benefit from lower power prices and a reduction in their carbon footprint



PPA RENEGOTIATION, DECARBONIZATION & LIFE EXTENSION



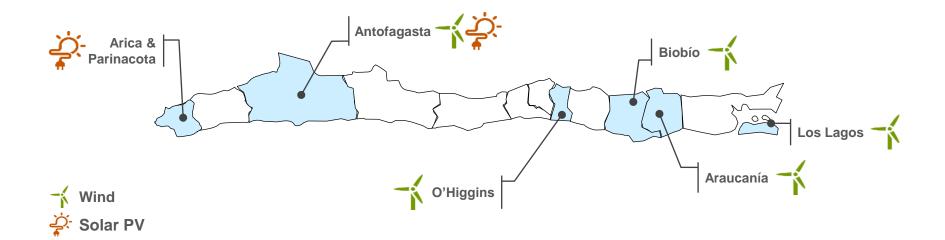
 We could potentially invest ~US\$1 bn in renewable power projects over the 2019-2023 period on the basis of the recent PPA life extension

Source: Engie Energía Chile: Average expected demand under existing contracts proforma April 2, 2018 renegotiation



RENEWABLE CAPACITY DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS

Project development focused on energy transition



Geographic and power source diversification

Gradual replacement of aging thermal plants

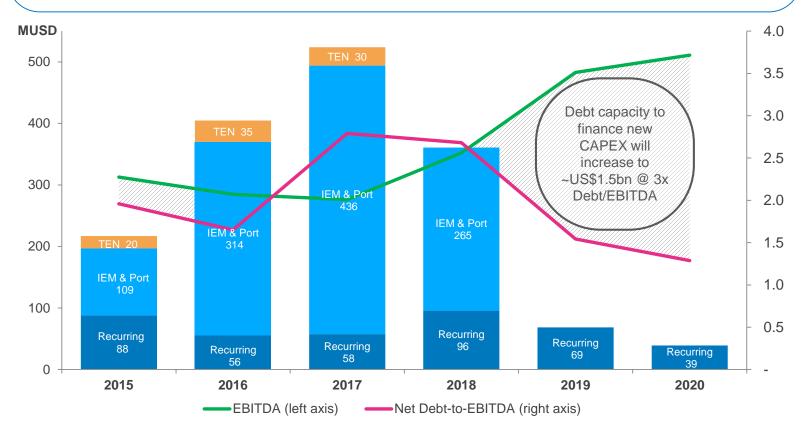
Smoothing energy production and demand patterns

Source: Engie Energía Chile



AMPLE ROOM TO FINANCE ENERGY TRANSFORMATION PLAN

- 2018: THE END OF A CAPEX-INTENSIVE PHASE
- FREE CASH-FLOW POSITIVE STATUS STARTING 2019 WILL RELEASE FINANCING CAPACITY FOR ENERGY TRANSFORMATION PLAN







KEY DRIVERS FOR OUR RESULTS



Source: Engie Energía Chile

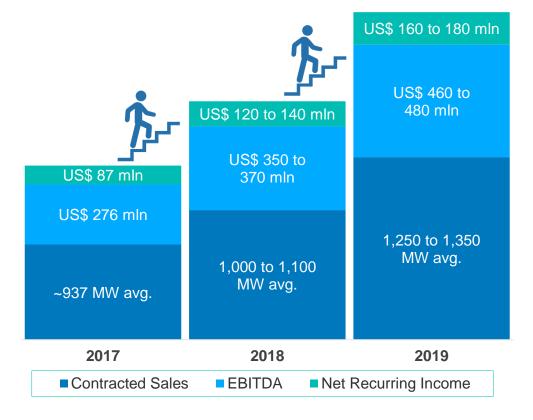


ONGOING FOCUS ON DELIVERY IN OUR GROWTH PATH



- Embracing the growth achieved:
 - New PPA => larger sales volume
 - Interconnected system => larger, more complex market
- Innovating and developing digital solutions to service our clients, improve efficiency and reduce operating costs
- Completing our projects in time, on budget and within quality standards

Pursuing an AGILE organization



Source: Engie Energía Chile



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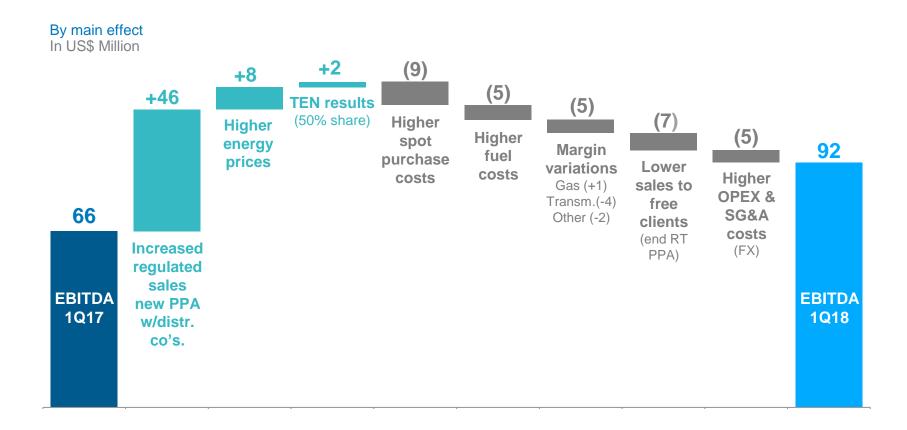


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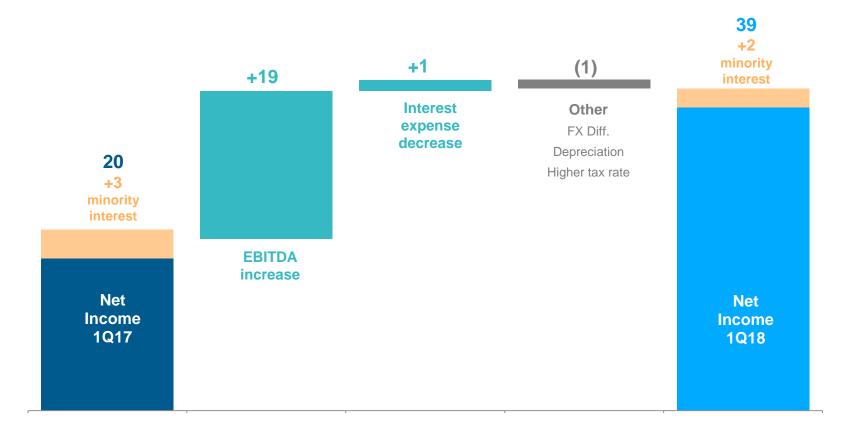
REGULATED REVENUE FROM NEW PPA WITH DISTRIBUTION COMPANIES LARGELY EXPLAINS THE 39% EBITDA INCREASE





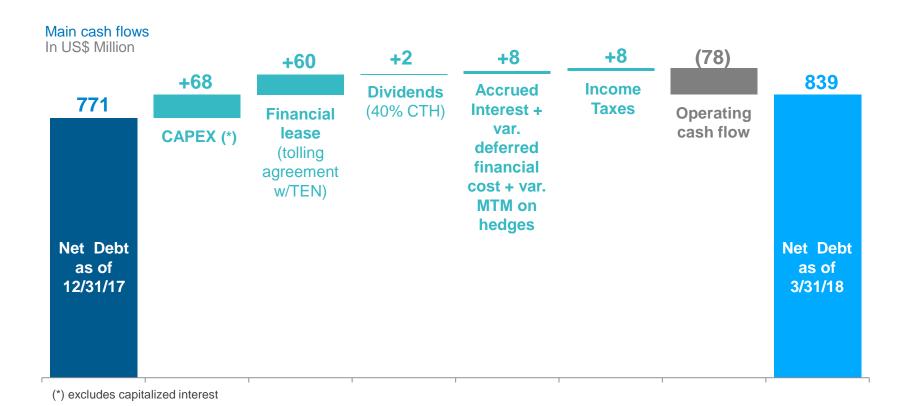
NET INCOME INCREASED IN LINE WITH EBITDA IMPROVEMENT

In US\$ Millions





NET DEBT EVOLUTION REVEALS CONTINUED STRONG CASH GENERATION



- CAPEX financed with operating cash flow
- Net debt increase explained by tolling agreement on TEN's dedicated transmission assets, which is accounted for as a financial lease



ROBUST FINANCIAL STRUCTURE: ROOM FOR FURTHER GROWTH

Net debt/EBITDA below 3.0x

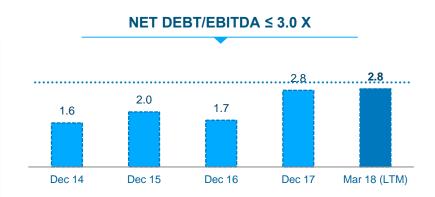
- · Strong cash flow generation
- · Proceeds from asset sales (TEN) in 2016

Rating confirmed @ BBB (Stable Outlook)

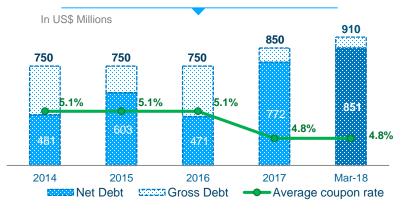
- International: S&P & Fitch July 2017
- National scale: Feller Rate (Dec-17): A+ Positive Outlook; Fitch (Jul-17): A+ Stable Outlook

Debt details:

- US\$ 750 million 144-A/Reg S Notes:
 - 5.625%, US\$400 million 2021 (YTM=3.501% at 3/31/18)
 - 4.500%, US\$350 million 2025 (YTM=4.155% at 3/31/18)
- 1.58%, US\$100 million bank loans maturing 2018
- US\$60 million 20-yr. financial lease w/TEN for dedicated transmission assets
- US\$270 million bank revolving credit facility maturing June 2020 (undrawn)

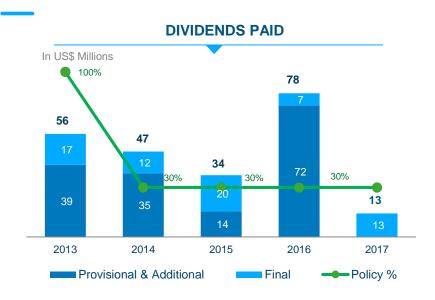


MODERATE DEBT INCREASE, WITH LOWER AVERAGE COST





SHAREHOLDER RETURN





SHARE PRICE EVOLUTION



Index: 3/31/17 = 100 Includes dividends

Dividend yield: dividends per share actually paid in year **n** divided by year **n-1** closing price



KEY TAKE-AWAYS: VALUE CREATION FOR OUR STAKEHOLDERS















CLIENTS AND OPERATION











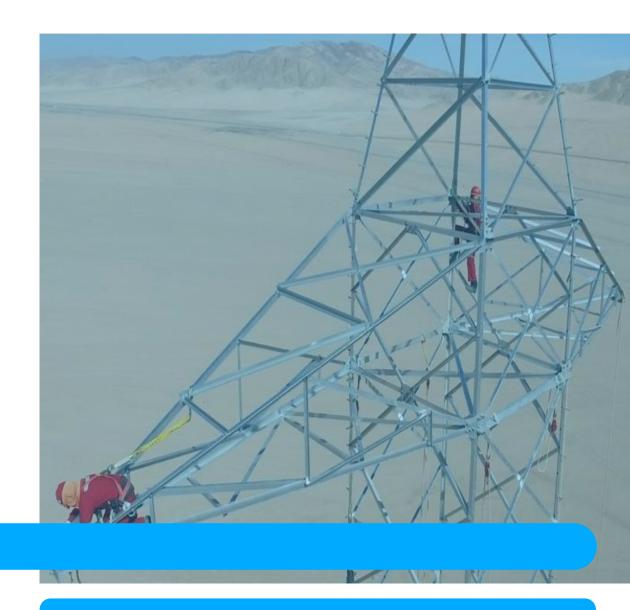
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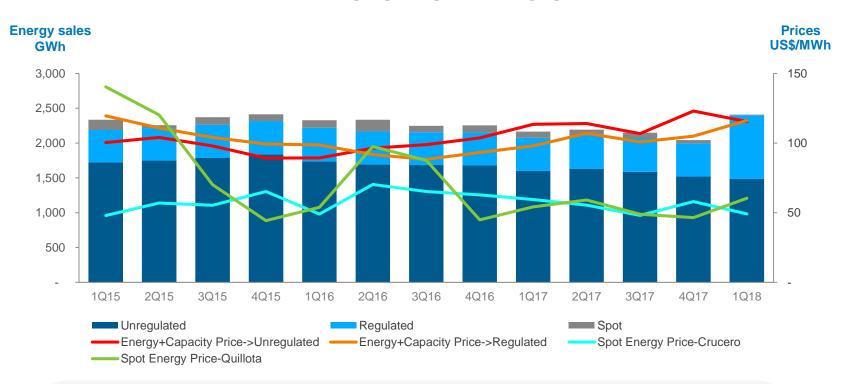
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LONG-TERM CONTRACTS: THE BASIS FOR STABLE SALES VOLUMES AND PRICES

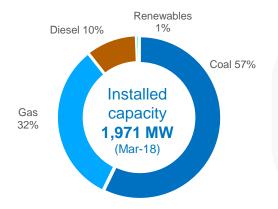
ENERGY SALES AND PRICES



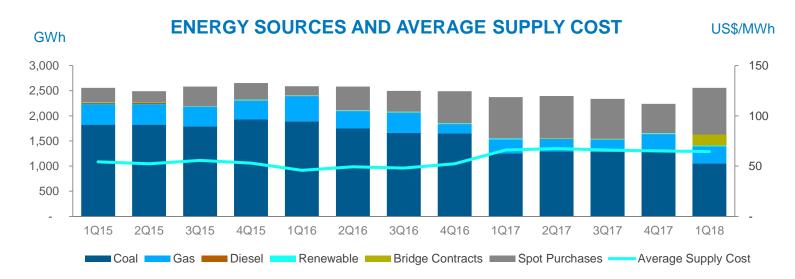
- Energy contract prices have moved in line with fuel prices
- Spot prices in the SIC have been sensitive to hydrologic conditions



DEMAND SUPPLIED WITH OWN GENERATION, SPOT PURCHASES AND BRIDGE CONTRACTS, HEDGED BY OUR INSTALLED CAPACITY



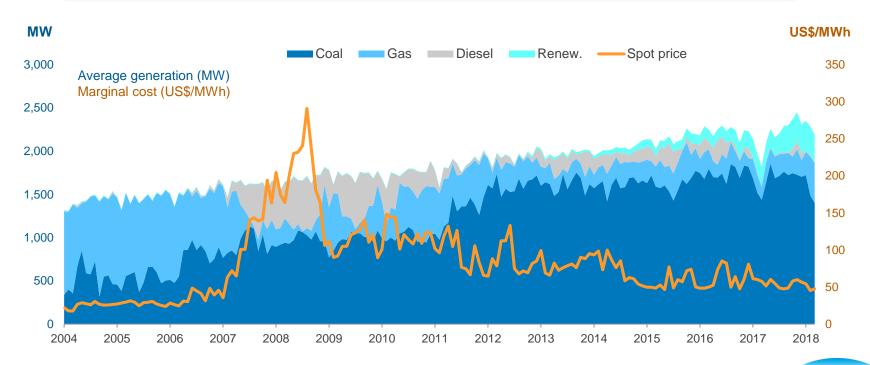
- Increasing spot purchases due to (i) coal, gas and renewable efficient capacity additions in the grid and (ii) start of PPA with distribution companies in central Chile
- Higher fuel prices, CO₂ taxes and emission-reduction costs have put pressure on average supply cost





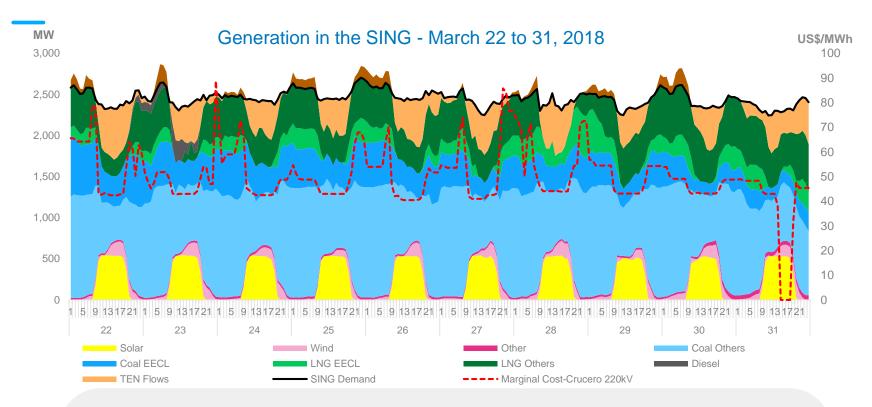
GENERATION AND SPOT ENERGY PRICE HISTORY IN THE SING

- No exposure to hydrologic risk until interconnection is fully operative
- Long-term contracts with unregulated clients (mining companies) accounting for 89% of demand (bilateral negotiation of prices and supply terms)
- Maximum demand: ~ 2,821 MW in 2018; expected 3.5% compounded average annual growth rate for the 2017 -2026 period





CURRENT REGULATORY AND GRID COORDINATION CHALLENGES



Penetration of intermittent renewable power sources and interconnection

- Lower marginal costs during sun & wind hours; renewable power imports through the TEN line
- Higher system costs to cope with intermittent output (more frequent CCGT start-ups, greater spinning reserve required to thermal plants)
- New ancillary services regulation required
- Need to develop economic 24 x 7 renewable generation solutions



RECENT GAME CHANGERS IN THE CHILEAN POWER INDUSTRY

More agile, diversified, client-focused approach to face industry change



- More flexible power auction regulations (Law # 20,805)
 - De-risked regulated PPA to foster competition
- Falling energy prices
- Carbon footprint reduction
 PPAs indexed to CPI
- Increased difficulty to execute projects

Evolution of Market Design in continuous change



- Lower investment cost of renewable capacity
- Shorter development period for renewables
- Improved plant efficiency
- Lower operational costs

High penetration of Renewables and new energy management products



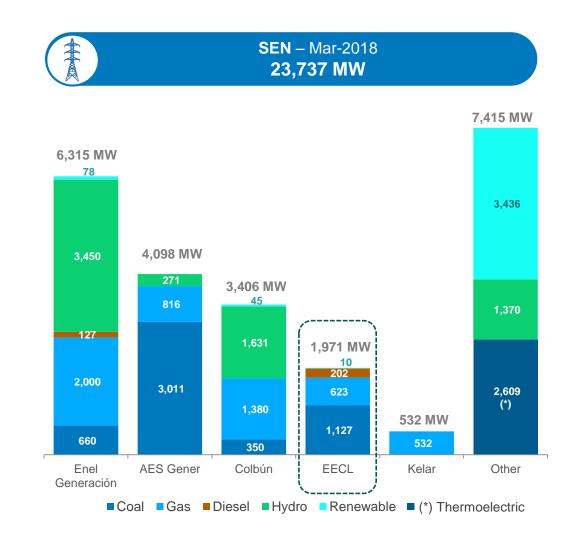
- Mining industry recovery with copper > 3 \$/lb: revival of large mining projects
- GDP growth may be reversing
- Energy saving programs create x-sales opportunities
- Smart grid initiatives and electric mobility

Trends may be reversing! (copper > 3 \$/lb)



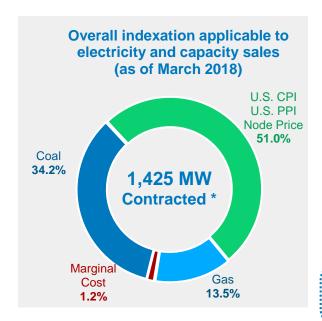
THE "SEN": A LARGER MARKET FOR ALL PLAYERS







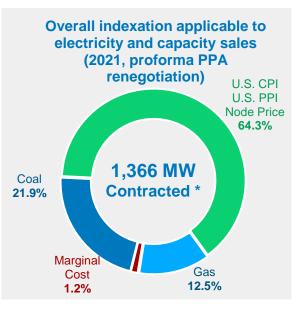
PPA PORTFOLIO INDEXATION: SHIFTING AWAY FROM COAL



(*) Maximum contracted demand as of March 2018

Indexation frequency: Regulated : Semiannual

Others : Monthly



(*) Maximum contracted demand projected for 2021

EMEL contract tariff adjustment:

- Energy tariff: ~40% US CPI, ~60 % Henry Hub gas price:
 - Based on average HH reported in months n-3 to n-6
 - Immediate adjustment triggered in case of any variation of 10% or more
- Capacity tariff per node price published by the National Energy Commission ("CNE")

New PPA with distribution Co's tariff adjustment:

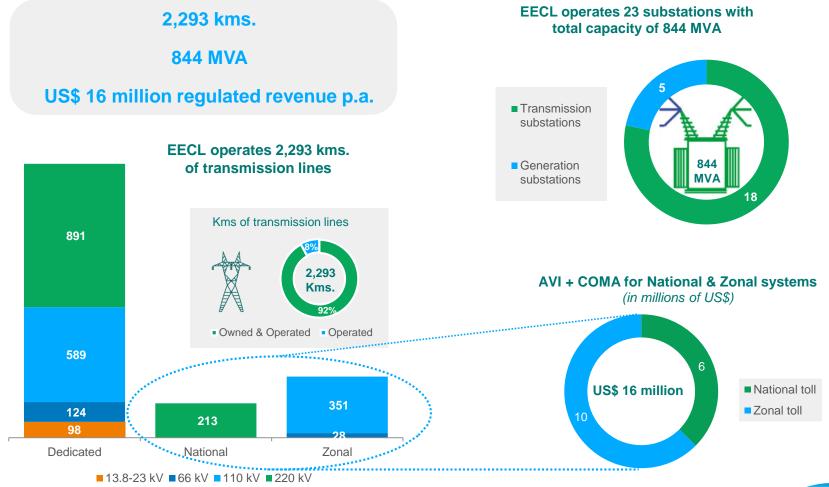
- Energy tariff: ~66.5% US CPI, ~22% coal, 11.5% HH gas:
 - Based on average HH reported in months n-3 to n-8
 - Immediate adjustment triggered in case of any variation of 10% or more
- Capacity tariff per node price published by the National Energy Commission ("CNE")



TRANSMISSION



▶ EECL, a relevant player in the transmission business





TRANSMISORA ELÉCTRICA DEL NORTE S.A. "TEN" (PAGE 1 OF 2)



~US\$0.9bn investment, 50%-owned by EECL

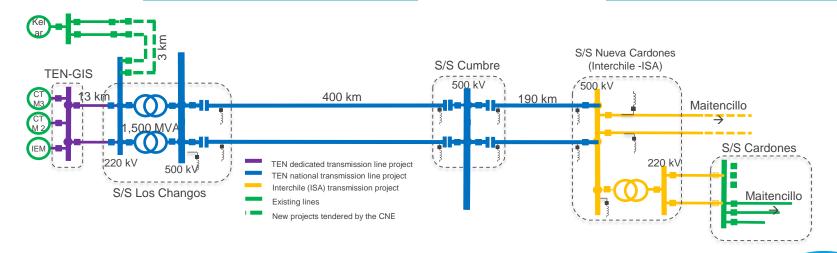


- Double circuit, 500 kV, alternate current (HVAC), 1,500 MW, 600-km long transmission line
- National transmission system interconnecting SIC and SING grids
- COD: November 24, 2017



Main Contracts

- Regulated revenues on "national assets" + contractual toll on "dedicated assets"
- Turnkey EPC contracts:
 - Transmission lines: Ingeniería y Construcción Sigdo Koppers
 - Substations: GE Grid Solutions
- Project financing (see next slide)

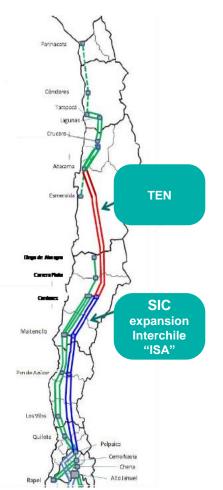




TRANSMISORA ELÉCTRICA DEL NORTE S.A. "TEN" (PAGE2 OF2)



~US\$0.9bn investment, 50%-owned by EECL





Regulated & contracted revenue

VI	Indexation		
In MUSD @ Oct 2013 FX Rates	In CLP to Chile CPI	In USD to US CPI	
738.3	41%	59%	

$$A. V. I_{n,k} = A. V. I_{n,0} \cdot \left(\alpha_j \cdot \frac{IPC_k}{IPC_0} \cdot \frac{DOL_0}{DOL_k} + \beta_j \cdot \frac{CPI_k}{CPI_0}\right)$$

$$\text{COMA}_{n,k} = \text{COMA}_{n,0} \cdot \frac{\text{IPC}_k}{\text{IPC}_0} \cdot \frac{\text{DOL}_0}{\text{DOL}_k}$$

AVI + EECL toll ≈ MUSD 84, a good proxy of TEN's EBITDA p.a.

TEN's annual revenues:

(in USD millions at Mar.31, 2018 FX rates)

AVI (VI annuity): **77.1 + COMA** (O&M cost): **9.8**

= VATT 86.9

+ Toll (paid by EECL): ~7.0

AVI = annuity of VI (Investment value) providing 10% pre-tax return on assets (at least 7% post-tax return beginning 2020)



Project financing



Project Financing

- Senior 18-yr USD Loan
- 26-yr USD Fixed-rate note
- Senior 18-yr Local UF Loan
- Equity-RECh
- Equity EECL

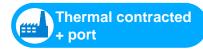
Total senior debt ≤ MUSD 745

+ Subordinated VAT Facility ≈ MUSD 94





INFRAESTRUCTURA ENERGETICA MEJILLONES. "IEM"

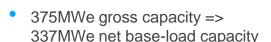




US\$1.0bn investment, within schedule and budget



Project highlights



- Pulverized coal-fired power plant meeting strict environmental standards
- Mechanized port, suitable for capesize carriers



Main contracts & Progress

- Developed to supply distribution companies
- Turnkey EPC contracts:
 - IEM plant: SK Engineering and Construction (Korea)
 - · Port: BELFI (Chile)
- Overall progress rate as of Mar. 31, 2018: 95.4%



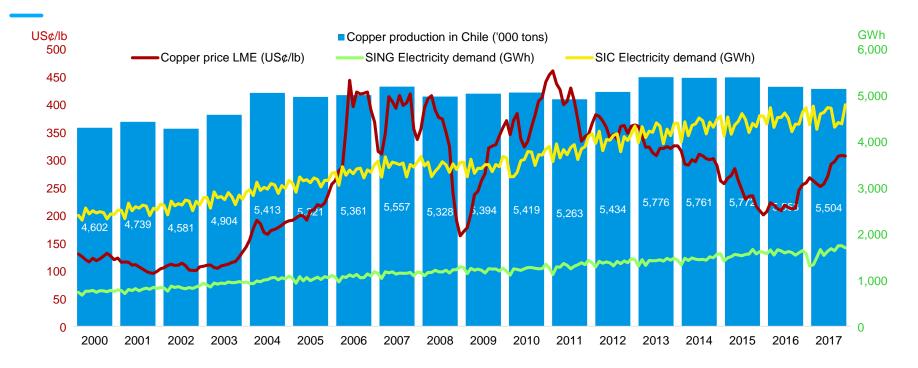
Ongoing developments

- Scheduled completion date: 3Q18
- IEM & port currently in commissioning & testing phase
- US\$1.0 billion investment (US\$764 million paid as of 3/31/18)
- Financed on-balance sheet within EECL





COPPER INDUSTRY



Chile's world-class copper industry is facing challenges:

- Scarce water resources => increasing sea water pumping and desalination needs => higher power costs;
- New port infrastructure required;
- Need to keep cash cost under control;
- More demanding environmental and social requirements => need to reduce carbon footprint.

Engie is prepared to help our clients:

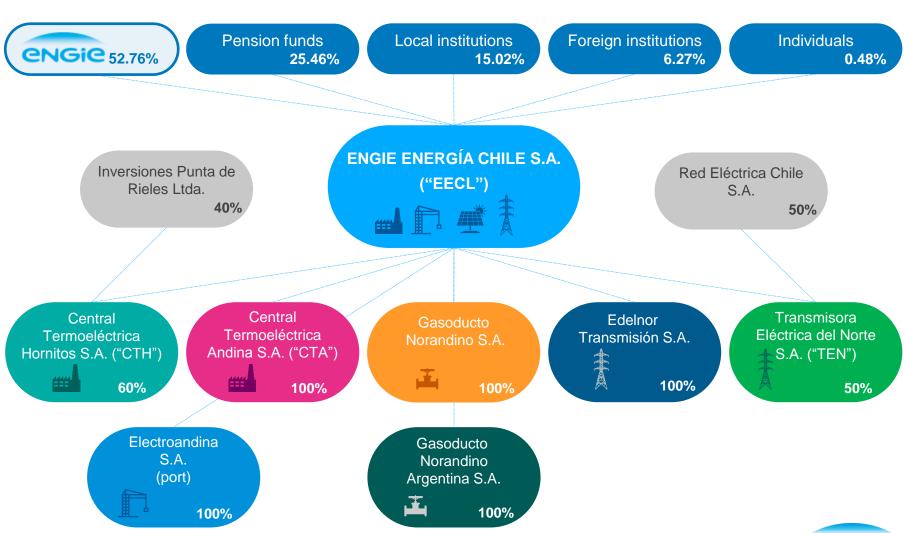
- Power production & transmission; financial strength; group expertise in the water business;
- Available port infrastructure;
- Ready to provide energy efficiency services;
- Diversifying power sources to reduce carbon footprint.



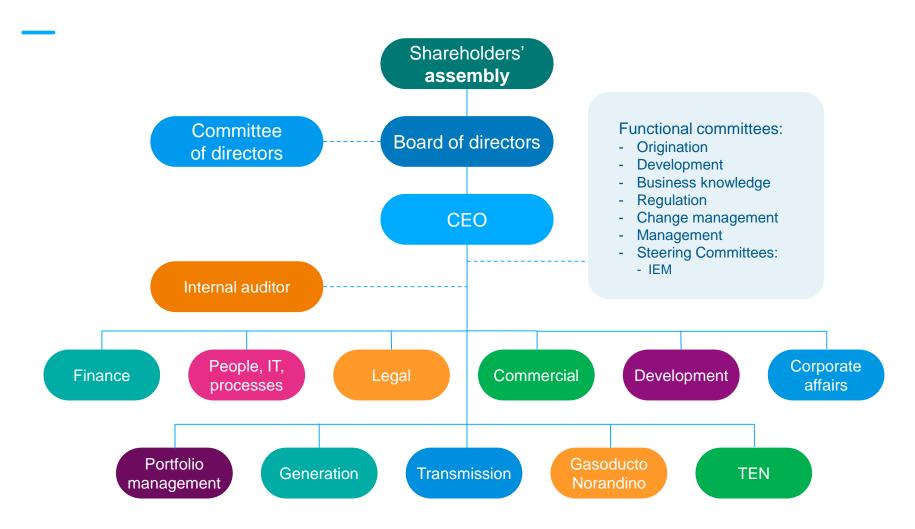




OWNERSHIP STRUCTURE



EECL ORGANIZATIONAL STRUCTURE



- The Board of directors includes three independent members out of a total of 7 directors
- The Committee of directors is formed by the three independent members and oversees all transactions among related parties

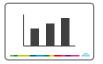
FOR MORE INFORMATION ABOUT ENGIE ENERGIA CHILE



MORE INFORMATION ON 1Q 2018 RESULTS IN OUR WEB PAGE



Presentation



Addenda



Press Release



Recorded conference audiocast



Financial report



Analyst pack



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Forward-Looking statements

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